

# Algorithmic Trading: Expectation Maximization

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# Expectation Maximization

# EM Algorithm

- ▶ **Expectation Maximization** allows one to obtain **maximum likelihood estimates**(MLE) for models with **latent variables**
- ▶ It consists of two main steps:
  - ▶ **E-step** (expectation)
    - ▶ estimate the latent variables given the observations
  - ▶ **M-step** (maximization)
    - ▶ maximize the likelihood given the estimated latent variables

# EM Algorithm

- ▶  $\mathbf{X} = \{X_t : t = 1, \dots, N\}$  are the r.v. corresponding to the observed data
- ▶  $\mathbf{x} = \{x_t : t = 1, \dots, N\}$  are the **observed data**
- ▶  $\Theta$  is the set of **model parameters** which you aim to estimate
- ▶  $\mathbf{Z} = \{Z_t : t = 1, \dots, N\}$  are the r.v. corresponding to the latent variables
- ▶  $\mathbf{z} = \{z_t : t = 1, \dots, N\}$  are the unobserved **latent variables**
- ▶ We aim to maximize the **log-likelihood**

$$\ell(\Theta) = \log \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x} \mid \Theta)$$

of the observed data

# EM Algorithm

- ▶ Since  $\mathbf{z}$  are unobserved, the likelihood consists of summing over all possible values

$$\mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x} | \Theta) = \sum_{\mathbf{z}} \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{z} | \Theta)$$

- ▶ Instead, EM seeks to construct a **sequence of improvements**

$$\begin{aligned} \ell(\Theta) &= \log \sum_{\mathbf{z}} \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{z} | \Theta) \\ &= \log \sum_{\mathbf{z}} \mathbb{Q}(\mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{z} | \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}) \frac{\mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{z} | \Theta)}{\mathbb{Q}(\mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{z} | \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x})} \\ &= \log \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}}[\Psi_{\mathbb{Q}}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z}; \Theta)] \end{aligned}$$

here,  $\mathbb{Q}$  is **any** probability distribution over the latent variables, and the r.v.

$$\Psi_{\mathbb{Q}}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z} = \cdot; \Theta) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z} = \cdot | \Theta)}{\mathbb{Q}(\mathbf{Z} = \cdot | \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x})}$$

# EM Algorithm

- ▶ **Jensen's inequality** gives

$$\ell(\Theta) \geq \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}}[\log \Psi_{\mathbb{Q}}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z}; \Theta)]$$

- ▶ The lower bound is saturated if  $\Psi_{\mathbb{Q}}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z}; \Theta) = \text{const.}$ , i.e., when

$$\mathbb{Q}_{\Theta}(\cdot) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z} = \cdot | \Theta)}{\sum_{\mathbf{z}} \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{z} | \Theta)} = \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{Z} = \cdot | \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}; \Theta)$$

- ▶ Hence,

$$\ell(\Theta) = \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}_{\Theta}}[\log \Psi_{\mathbb{Q}_{\Theta}}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}; \Theta)]$$

# EM Algorithm

- ▶ Next, suppose we have a current estimate  $\Theta_k$  for the MLE, then consider the new function

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{\ell}(\Theta) &= \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}_{\Theta_k}} [ \log \Psi_{\mathbb{Q}_{\Theta_k}}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}; \Theta) ] \\ &= \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}_{\Theta_k}} \left[ \log \frac{\mathbb{P}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{Z} | \Theta)}{\mathbb{Q}_{\Theta_k}(\mathbf{Z} | \mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x})} \right]\end{aligned}$$

- ▶ Consider a new estimate  $\Theta_{k+1}$  given by

$$\Theta_{k+1} = \arg \max_{\Theta} \bar{\ell}(\Theta)$$

- ▶ Would like to show that  $\ell(\Theta_{k+1}) \geq \ell(\Theta_k)$ , i.e., that this estimate improves the log-likelihood

# EM Algorithm

- ▶ To this end, we have for any  $\mathbb{Q}$

$$\ell(\Theta_{k+1}) \geq \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}}[\log \Psi_{\mathbb{Q}}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}; \Theta_{k+1})]$$

so certainly it is true for  $\mathbb{Q} = \mathbb{Q}_k$ , and hence

$$\begin{aligned}\ell(\Theta_{k+1}) &\geq \mathbb{E}^{\mathbb{Q}_k}[\log \Psi_{\mathbb{Q}_k}(\mathbf{X} = \mathbf{x}; \Theta_{k+1})] \\ &= \bar{\ell}(\Theta_{k+1}) \\ &\geq \bar{\ell}(\Theta_k) \\ &= \ell(\Theta_k)\end{aligned}$$